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| IN RE: ETHICON, INC., PELVIC REPAIR SYSTEM PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION | : MDL NO. : 2:12-MD-02327 : |
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| TELEPHONIC MOTI | ION HEARING |
| BEFORE THE HONORAE UNITED STATES MAC WEDNESDAY, FEBR | |
| UNITED STATES MAG | GISTRATE JUDGE |
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1 P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S 2 Had before The Honorable Cheryl A. Eifert, United 3 States Magistrate Judge, United States District Court, for the Southern District of West Virginia, at Huntington, via 4 5 teleconference, on February 11, 2015, as follows: 6 THE COURT: Hello. 7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: All right, we don't have a court 9 reporter with us today --10 COURT REPORTER: Excuse me, Judge Eifert, this is 11 Cathy. 12 THE COURT: Oh, hi, Cathy, how are? 13 COURT REPORTER: I am fine, thank you. 14 joined the teleconference. 15 THE COURT: All right, well let me go ahead then 16 and just state that we are here in the Ethicon Pelvic Repair 17 Systems product liability litigation, MDL Number 18 2:12-MD-02327. 19 We are here on a motion filed by Ethicon. And I'm 20 going to ask counsel to go ahead and note their appearance 21 again since Cathy has just joined us, and I'll also ask you 22 to please state your name before you speak so she can get a 23 clear transcript. 24 So if plaintiffs would go first and note their 25 appearance.

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                 MR. MATTHEWS: This is David Matthews from
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       Houston, Texas, for plaintiffs.
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                 MR. AYLSTOCK: Good afternoon, Judge. This is
      Bryan Aylstock for the plaintiffs.
 4
                 MS. BAGGETT: Renee Baggett for the plaintiffs.
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 6
                 THE COURT: All right. Is that all for the
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      plaintiffs then?
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            (Yes, Your Honor.)
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                 THE COURT: All right. Then on behalf of Ethicon?
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                 MR. BERNARDO: Good afternoon, Your Honor, it's
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      Richard Bernardo for Ethicon.
                 MR. WATSON: Ben Watson for Ethicon.
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                 MR. KINSEL: J. F. Kinsel, K-I-N-S-E-L, for
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      Ethicon.
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                 THE COURT: Very good. All right. And I'll ask
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       you if you are on a landline, to please use the receiver and
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      not the speakerphone if it is possible since we do sometimes
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      have trouble picking everybody up.
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            Now, this is, as I said, a motion filed by Ethicon for
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       an order directing parties to coordinate resolution of the
      discovery disputes between state and federal courts. I have
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      looked at the motion. I'll ask Ethicon to speak first about
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       it. I'm not really certain I understand how I can help you.
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       So why don't you explain to me what it is you think that I
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       can do.
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MR. BERNARDO: Thank you, Your Honor. This is Richard Bernardo for Ethicon. And as you stated, we're asking for your assistance, Judge Eifert, in coordinating between the MDL and a state court in Texas to address what is a growing and significant privilege dispute that has arisen in Texas. And perhaps it would be helpful before I get to the substance of what we're asking for to give some context and background.

Over the last several years, Ethicon has been complying with its discovery obligations in pelvic mesh litigation in the MDL and in the individual state cases by making sure that plaintiffs get the same documents both in the MDL and in the state court. We've been producing documents in installments first in the MDL and then a duplicate set to the state cases. We do the same thing with respect to the privilege logs. We create it for the MDLs and we serve it in the MDLs and then we make it available in the state cases. We've adopted this global production approach in the spirit of coordination and fairness, so essentially everything is available to all plaintiffs.

As to privilege, in particular, for the last couple of years, Your Honor, it has been an informal procedure in the MDL to address privilege challenges by plaintiffs.

Obviously in a case like this where I think the count is up to about 20 million pages of documents, the privilege log is

enormous. Therefore, the plaintiffs in the MDL have been very good about identifying groups of documents on a periodic basis that are of interest to them based on the description of the logs, and after they identify them, we go back and we look at our designations, we try and whittle down ones where we might recognize, for example, if there could be a disagreement among courts as to the privilege status, or where we otherwise reconsider a designation.

We meet and confer with plaintiffs with an eye toward narrowing the scope of any dispute that might have to get raised with your Your Honor. And I can say the process has been working very well. To date, we've responded to more than 30 sets of challenges pertaining to more than 2,000 documents in the MDL process, and I don't believe we've had to raise any issues with Your Honor yet.

I think that demonstrates a very successful and cooperative process among the parties in the MDL. As I mentioned, this log is also sent to individual state cases that are not part of the MDL. And late last year we received from a plaintiff's lawyer in a state case a challenge to approximately 1,500 privileged documents from the global production. It was the Caviness (phonetic) case in Texas.

And notably, the challenge in the Texas case was made by one of the plaintiff's counsel in Texas who is also one

of the counsel appointed by this Court to serve on the MDL Steering Committee.

Ethicon was troubled by what we perceive to be an obvious attempt to sidestep the MDL privilege process and create a separate duplicative process in the state court case. We think this is inconsistent with Ethicon's spirit of cooperation and coordination regarding document discovery and we think will inevitably lead to increased time and resources by Ethicon to handle these challenges and more importantly it will inevitably lead to inconsistent rulings.

We asked plaintiffs' counsel to raise their challenge as part of the MDL process, but they wouldn't agree to do that, so we struck what we thought was a fair compromise.

Despite our disagreement with proceeding both in the MDL in Texas, we agreed that we would address their challenges on a separate track and on an accelerated basis if they for their part would agree to work with us to narrow the issues and could come up with a coordinated procedure that would involve a joint adjudication on these documents by Your Honor and a Special Master in Texas so we can have a jointly collaborated ruling that could apply to the MDL and apply to Texas for all the documents that are obviously produced in both cases.

Now, we reached this agreement two days before

Christmas, and I can represent that Ethicon's counsel worked

very diligently through the holidays to get -- go through every one of the 1,500 documents and eliminate as many as possible by the beginning of January and produce any documents that we withdrew our claims on immediately.

Folks spent the holidays and whittled away 1,100 documents that we were able to identify as duplicitous; in other words, several times you'll have a piece of the same E-mail thread that appears in several different threads and folks compared and, you know, said, okay, this one is identical to a thread that is also being claimed as privileged, so we can eliminate these from the discussions, narrow the issues. And through that process, we turned that list into just under 400 documents.

Then we took further steps, thinking, again, that this was a finite set of 1,500 that would be the challenge, and we tried to eliminate more documents based upon a very conservative read of the law and got rid of documents for which we found there was a disagreement among the courts.

We did all of this because we understood plaintiffs agreed to meet and confer with us to discuss coordination and narrow the issues.

Now here we are, it's a month later, the middle of February -- more than a month, and as of this date plaintiffs have not met and conferred with us. More importantly, they've withdrawn their agreements to

coordinate resolution with the MDL case, and they've indicated that they plan to challenge the entirety of the logs that Ethicon has submitted in the MDL in the Texas proceeding alone. In fact, we had to go to the Texas judge late last week and ask him to order the plaintiffs to meet and confer with us. And, in fact, I'm speaking to you from Dallas, Your Honor, because I'm here with one of my colleagues so we can finally sit down with them tomorrow.

Now, I apologize for that long background, but I think it's important to provide you with a context of what is going on here. So what are we asking for?

We'd really like Your Honor to tell a member of the Steering Committee in the MDL that he shouldn't be circumventing the MDL discovery and going to another court where they expect they might get a more favorable ruling. It's not right, it's not fair, especially after we reached an agreement.

At the very least, Your Honor, we're asking for this

Court to work with the parties and the court in Texas to

come up with a coordinated procedure for resolving the

privilege dispute that includes the input of this Court as

well as the Texas court. You can imagine what would happen

if every court in the individual state cases that aren't

part of the MDL tried to do what is being done here.

One of the very purposes of an MDL is to eliminate

duplicative discovery, which obviously results in unnecessary expense, delay, and works against both sides.

Naturally, there's some cases that are not removable; therefore, we think it's especially important for federal coordination with the state in discovery issues, as it serves the interests of all parties. This idea is not only recognized by the manual for complex litigation and numerous other commentators in cases, but it's also recognized by this Court. In fact, PTO Number 4, which we provide a copy of in our brief in the MDL is largely about coordination and talks about the appointment of a steering committee to coordinate, not to avoid coordination.

Judge Goodwin has on occasion also commented that the lawyers in the state cases need to be considerate of the MDL process. Our motion cites to a number of precedence in other MDLs -- I won't take the time to repeat them all, but I'll highlight, for example, in the Bextra and the Celebrex MDLs, where the parties appointed a joint Special Master so they could adjudicate issues that arise both in the state and cases in the MDL.

In the Yaz and Yasmin cases, Judge Herndon also had a very detailed discovery protocol that required disputes in the state cases to get copied to him so he can consult with the various state court judges and resolve disputes.

And we think a coordinated approach would work well

1 here, especially given the breadth and scope of what we 2 understand is coming defendants' way in terms of challenges. 3 So we respectfully request, Judge Eifert, that this Court essentially order the members of the Steering 4 5 Committee on the MDL to work with the MDL and not abandon 6 the process and just work exclusively in Texas. 7 We have a filing deadline that is now upon us in Texas 8 for a week from Monday to submit our substantiation of our 9 privilege claims, and we'd very much like to file that in 10 the MDL, as well, again, so we can seek coordination. 11 Thank you, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: All right. Who would like to speak on 13 behalf of the plaintiffs'? 14 MR. AYLSTOCK: Judge, this is Bryan Aylstock. 15 Dave Matthews is involved in making the case in Texas; I am 16 not. (Inaudible.) But given the very lengthy colloquy of 17 Mr. Watson -- or, I'm sorry, Mr. Bernardo, that I think is a 18 little misleading, can I comment generally on the MDL 19 process and how that's been going, and then turn it over to 20 Mr. Matthews? 21 THE COURT: Certainly. 22 MR. AYLSTOCK: Well, Mr. Bernardo made comments 23 about duplicative discovery and end-runs and agreements to 24 coordinate. There is a process in the MDL that challenge

privileged documents, as you are aware. A couple of

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thousand have been redesignated because of that. But, frankly, we have been so focused on getting what we needed to get for these trials, we have not undertaken any sort of an overall review of the privilege log in any great detail, and based upon the challenges we have made, a large number of them ended up not being privileged and shouldn't have been on the log in the first place.

There's tens of thousands I think on the privilege log, Mr. Bernardo can correct me, but, this is not a case where anybody, to my knowledge, is seeking to duplicate or end-run anything before Your Honor or Judge Goodwin. None of these documents, to my knowledge, have even been challenged in the MDL, nor is there a motion pending. So I don't see how this is duplicative at all of what the MDL is doing.

And with regard to coordination, I mean, I do know Mr. Matthews very well, and I don't think there's an issue with regard to some rogue (inaudible) team member trying to do things that undermine or circumvent some order or motion pending in its MDL. I think it's simply a situation where the MDL, you have lawyers in the middle of trial right now and more coming up. We just haven't teed this up. I don't even know what documents they are, and I don't know what law applies, and I'm not involved in the Texas case, but to suggest that somehow somebody is trying to duplicate discovery or circumvent some pending motion with this Court

I think is a bit too far.

THE COURT: All right. Then is it Mr. Matthews who is going to respond to the motion?

MR. MATTHEWS: Yes, Your Honor. David Matthews for the plaintiff. I do think that our response is due on Monday. We are, of course, still putting our written response together. We were hoping to have our meet-and-confer tomorrow at 10 o'clock in Dallas, and to incorporate what happens during that meeting to also incorporate in our response.

As a little bit of background in the case, my firm and the Freese law firm, we -- Tim Goss and David Matthews, we are both on the Plaintiffs' Steering Committee. Outside of that, we have also tried a TVT-O case in Dallas, Texas, the Batiste case. And then an Obtryx case, also in Dallas, also in Judge Molberg's court. And Judge Molberg is the coordinating judge in Dallas District Court. Because of that reason, the fact that we have had quite a bit of experience in mesh cases in the past, in fact, Mr. Goss is in trial right now, in Bakersfield, California, one of the reasons he can't be on this call, and that's also against Ethicon. They're in about the third week of trial. So we've had a great deal of experience with mesh cases.

I bring that up, because we were contacted by a lawyer, Bill Blankenship, whose -- who is the lawyer that has this

case called the Caviness case in Dallas County. This is his case. He contacted us for help for, as you might suspect, a variety of reasons, one, being experience; two, being experts; and three, being we have knowledge about the mesh products.

Now, this particular product is a Prosima product at issue. This entire privilege log came about back in November 7, 2014, when Bill Blankenship contacted Carol Traylor, who is lawyer for Ethicon, at Cantey Hanger. And he wanted to know and requested of her our local Texas Rule 193, the identification of withheld material. And that started this whole thing.

Upon that -- and in addition to that, we had trial setting in April, so, he was very specific, and then we assisted, because we've had, you know, a great deal of contact, of course, with Ethicon over the years. So we have certainly not tried to circumvent any duties.

I've been on over ten MDL PFCs over my career, and I certainly have tried in every way perceivable -- this is not vast circumvention. In fact, we have specifically looked for documents pertaining to the Prosima product. This started, and we've had, at the last count, over 18 discussions with Ethicon about this very issue. And we boiled down some 1,500 document requests down to 174 documents.

We are meeting tomorrow at 10 o'clock. The judge has ordered us to meet and confer one last time before hearing. This is something -- obviously states have different standards interpreting privilege law. Judge Molberg is directing us to meet and then we'll set a hearing on this very privilege log issue pertaining to the 174 documents. We may be able to decrease that after our meeting tomorrow. We plan on meeting as long as we need to, to go over each and every document. Obviously, we don't have the documents, but we have their log list, which has a description of the document, the author, who it's from, who it's to, and then the privilege narrative.

So we plan on following the Court's order. This is Mr. Blankenship's case. We continue to assist. This has never been brought before the federal MDL where Your Honor presides. And we're doing as directed by the Court.

THE COURT: I guess -- I guess where I'm a bit confused, I'm not really certain what it is that Ethicon thinks that I can do . Maybe I'm not understanding the fact scenario, but the way I read the motion, as I understand it, in Texas, in a pending state case, the plaintiffs are challenging the privilege designation of certain documents. And that matter is now pending in front of the judge in the Texas state court. And the judge apparently is going to have some sort of a hearing on that, and perhaps even

looking at these documents in camera.

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UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't quite understand what coordination I can really do about that. I mean, I really don't understand what it is I can do. I can't order -- I can't -- I don't really feel that I have any authority to tell these lawyers who have a case pending in the state that they're not allowed to ask a judge in another case to make rulings on matters simply because those rulings might affect the MDLs. I do agree with you, I think coordination is very important.

There's no motion pending in front of me on these documents, so I don't -- I don't see that there's a coordination issue in that regard. I could see it more as a coordination issue if I had the very same motion currently pending in front of me, then I could see where it would be important for me to at least have some contact with the judge in Texas and make sure that we're on the same page in some regard. But I'm not really certain what, you know, Ethicon thinks I can do about this .

I mean, the judge in Texas needs to make decisions in the Texas case. And I don't really know what I can do or would want to do about that. I guess I'm just really not understanding what it is you want me to do. I mean, I hear you say you want me to order the lawyers in the MDL to

coordinate. But coordinate what?

I think there's already a motion pending in front of the judge in Texas. So what am I supposed to coordinate?

MR. BERNARDO: Your Honor, this is Richard

Bernardo. Coordinate the resolution of issues that have

broad-sweeping applicability. There are a couple of things

that were said that I feel the need to correct that are

important.

First of all, the not duplicative. There are indeed documents that are part of this challenge that overlap the very same documents that have been challenged in the MDLs, so the process is duplicative. And contrary to Mr.

Matthews' statements, we've been told that after they challenge these 174, they're going to go after all of the documents on Ethicon's privilege log, which creates an unworkable situation.

If every state court proceeding in which Ethicon files this privilege log entertained challenges and Ethicon has to defend its privileged documents in each of these cases, it would totally consume all the parties' time.

Mr. Aylstock says that the MDL doesn't have enough time to address privilege issues. Well, there are a lot of lawyers that were appointed to the plaintiffs various committees and they ought to be making the time to ensure that the very same documents that are being produced in the

spirit of cooperation in both the MDL and the state cases are resolved with respect to privilege in a harmonious manner that takes into account Your Honor's input as to privilege.

And one thing we could suggest, Your Honor, is to reach out to Texas and ask if the MDL can participate in the review of the same documents and issue rulings with respect to the same documents so there could at least be a coordinated effort between the cases. That's been done in other MDLs as well.

We really feel like this is an obvious attempt to do an end-run around the very core of the MDLs' purpose, which is to facilitate coordination.

So, as I said, I think there are a number of things that could be done. The plaintiffs can be ordered to address the same documents in the MDL that are being addressed in the Texas case, or to initiate the same challenges so they could be adjudicated in a consistent manner.

THE COURT: Maybe going forward -- perhaps going forward something like that could be done. I don't know what can be done right now about the case pending in Texas, because it sounds like there's already a motion in front of the judge in Texas. And there is no motion in front of me. And I don't -- what I'm trying to say is, I don't have any

real authority to call up the judge in Texas and say, I don't want you to do anything. You know, I want to also be involved in your decision, because, you know, frankly, when you look at federal law on privilege, whether or not a privilege exists is generally going to be determined by state law. Whether the privilege is waived is determined by federal law in the federal court, but the existence of the privilege is a matter of state law. So it would be the -- the person who's not the expert telling the person who is the expert, I don't want you to make a decision until I can participate with you in that decision.

And I don't know that that would be a comfortable position for me to be in.

Now, going forward, I understand what you're saying.

Perhaps what I can do is say to the MDL lawyers, when you're going to file a motion like this, and you're going to bring an issue like this up in a state case, you also need to file that same motion here in the MDL so that there can be some sort of coordination, so that we're all on the same page and all of the -- but ultimately, I don't, I really don't have any control over what the judge will do in the state jurisdiction.

MR. BERNARDO: Judge Eifert, this is Rich Bernardo again. We would be appreciative if Your Honor would order -- issue such a ruling, because, in addition to these

174 documents that are now at issue, we have the concern that we're going to be litigating from now until kingdom come the remaining documents on the privilege log, some of which we've already worked with the leadership in the MDL to discuss and meet and confer on.

So we would be appreciative if Your Honor would do that on a forward-going basis.

As to the law, Texas law follows Section 139 of the restatement on privilege, which basically looks to the statement of the most significant relationship with respect to a communication, which is going to be in these documents in New Jersey (inaudible) given the communication, so both the federal court and the Texas court would be looking to another state law, so you'd be on equal footing, if you will, but --

THE COURT: Mr. Bernardo, I'm sorry, to interrupt, but does everyone agree that it's going to be New Jersey law that will govern?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We haven't met and conferred, Your Honor, so I'm not prepared to say there's any agreement. Our papers that we will be submitting will set forth our position with respect to the law, but I can't say that the parties agree on that.

MR. AYLSTOCK: And frankly, Judge, I have not -this is Bryan Aylstock -- I haven't looked at it. I will

say that I think Mr. Matthews makes an excellent point in that this is a Prosima case proceeding in Texas. The MDL -- we don't have a Prosima case even on the radar at this point, nor have we really done much Prosima discovery. And, you know, I'm happy to coordinate with Mr. Matthews. He and I have known each other for a very long time, but we're -- we're paddling upstream as fast as we can. We have the Bellew case; we have another TVT case set, and to order us to file and then argue and then be prepared to brief and everything else a bunch of documents that may or may not be relevant to the issue at hand in the MDL in a state that we -- or, at least, speaking for myself, I have nothing to do with, I think is a bridge too far.

THE COURT: Well, I think for me, the first issue is this whole issue about what law is going to govern. I mean, just in thinking, I haven't -- I have really not thought this through. I just -- I've just looked at your motion, and I saw where there was to be a February 17th hearing in front of the judge in Texas, and I thought to myself, well, we ought to at least talk about this on the phone so I can get some idea of what it is that you want.

But in thinking this through, you know, hopefully everyone will agree that it's New Jersey law that governs, because if you're going to have to go from state to state to state to state to state and figure out what the privilege law would

be in each one of those states, that will be a nightmare in and of itself. I mean, that would be an absolute nightmare. So, you know, that is one thing that I think would be nice to get settled.

And I think if that is settled, then I could see where coordination with the MDL would make a lot more sense.

As far as the Prosima issue, Mr. Aylstock, they're saying in their brief that a lot of these documents don't concern just that device; that these are documents that sort of are across-the-board documents. So they are documents that would impact issues in the MDL. So I'm not so worried about that, the device so much as -- what I can't get my mind around is do I really want to be involved in each state court, trying to decide whether a particular document is privileged or not under their state law, which hopefully that is not going to be the end result. And, you know, I don't want to do that, obviously, for many reasons. But --

THE COURT: I'm just trying to figure out what the practical way to handle this is.

MR. BERNARDO: And, Your Honor, Rich Bernardo --

MR. BERNARDO: Your Honor, Rich Bernardo again.

To the Prosima point, I must confess a little bit of confusion, because having been through these documents, they're not Prosima documents. Maybe that was the intent of searches, but they're documents of a general nature that

apply in many respects to all products. But as to the law issue, the very scenario you were talking about where going from one state to the next is exactly what we're trying to avoid and exactly what we think the MDL could hopefully avoid by looking at the issue of the choice of law and issuing a ruling that other state courts might -- maybe they disagree with it, but at least there's a ruling by the Court that is adjudicating the claims with respect to tens of thousands of these plaintiffs and speaking to the choice of law issue. And we would be happy to make a submission or an application to this Court to try and sort through that issue if that would be appropriate.

Start, as, again, I don't think there's much I can do about the issue currently pending in Texas. I mean, if there's already a motion pending in front of the judge there, I don't know what I can do about that. But I do think going forward, I think the first issue would be to figure out if it is going to all be determined by New Jersey law. And I don't even know whether you have to do -- what kind of analysis you would have to do to figure out the choice of law. That's even going to vary from state to state. I don't know, because I haven't given it enough thought.

MR. AYLSTOCK: Your Honor, this is Bryan Aylstock again. Again, I'm reaching way back into my memory banks,

but I do believe the issue as you started this conference with is the issue of privilege is determined by state law, and state law will use their each individual choice of law determination. So even if Texas would apply New Jersey law, maybe most states do under the same section of the restatement, but I think there is some variance and different judges can interpret it differently. You know, I think that this is a limited issue at this point.

The judge down there obviously has it teed up and, you know, frankly, I'm -- I'm extremely busy right now trying to prepare for not just Ethicon trials but a lot of other things, and given that this isn't an MDL issue, and we've focused on many other things, I would not want to take on another brief writing job two weeks before trial.

THE COURT: Well, I do think that this is an MDL issue. This is a huge issue, a huge and confusing issue. And it could be an absolute nightmare to have. Because what happens, Mr. Aylstock, is if one court (inaudible) -- you know, says the document is not privileged, then suddenly it's out there and it's -- even if I would think it was privileged, now it's no longer privileged. I mean it could just be an absolute nightmare. So I think it is something that we'd better look at now. I'm not saying you have to drop everything and do this today. But I think it's something we need to get -- we need to get it on our radar

and start doing the briefing before there are other courts out there that start one by one releasing documents. I do think it's a huge issue. And, frankly, it's one I hadn't thought of.

I guess this has come up in the context of discovery, but, you know, it's an issue that's going to -- it's going to be across-the-board a huge issue. So I do think it's something that Ethicon ought to raise in the MDL. I don't know how you would raise it. I don't know what you would call your motion. You know, I'm sure you can be creative and think of something. I don't know if it's a motion for protective order; I don't know what you would call it. But I think that the issue needs to be brought to this Court and there needs to be some determination made of whether it's going to be done on a state-by-state basis, or whether there is going to be one law that applies.

And if there is one law that applies, then I feel much more comfortable saying, yes, we need to coordinate this, and there needs to be some sort of process put in place where the attorneys are all on the same page, and they're helping me coordinate with the other judges out there that are considering the issues so that I at least know who's got the motions pending so I can make some contact with them and say, hey, are you willing to work with me, and what can we do to resolve these issues together. I would like to be

able to do that, because I do think it's going to affect all of us. And I'm certainly not territorial about these things, but I'd like to at least know what's going on.

So I do think Ethicon should bring up the issue.

MR. BERNARDO: Your Honor, this is Rich Bernardo.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. BERNARDO: First, thank you. We think it would be helpful, and we will initiate doing that to work with the leadership of the MDL to try and come up with a procedure, because I also think, and based upon my experience and experiences in other large MDLs, when the MDL court addresses privilege issues, that has, for lack of better description, a kind of deterrent effect on lawyers trying to form shop. I would dare say, if there had been a challenge that had been adjudicated through the MDL and decisions rendered, that lawyers probably wouldn't be trying to take the privilege log and bring it to a state court and do all the work in the state court. I think that's what's going on right now. But I think that a coordinated process would be very helpful, and we will be creative in trying to come up with an application to Your Honor.

I would also say in terms of timing with respect to the present motion, one of the reasons we went to Judge Molberg last week -- and Mr. Kinsel here with me is the one from Texas who went to Judge Molberg -- was to try and put the

Texas motion on hold for at least some time for us to be able to talk to you and meet and confer with plaintiffs.

Because we had all along been expecting that this was going to be a coordinated effort, but, at the last minute, plaintiffs changed their minds for reasons maybe I'll find out tomorrow when we meet with them.

But the hearing in Texas on this motion is not on the 17th. It hasn't been set yet. We're ordered to submit our papers in the Texas court on -- Ben, help me here -- on the ten days -- I think it's a week from next Monday. And one possibility, Your Honor, is, may we submit the same submission which has a brief, a legal brief on the choice of law components, as well as a document-by-document analysis of the 174 documents at issue to the MDL court concurrently with the Texas court? I mean that's one way that we could start to establish a going-forward procedure.

THE COURT: Certainly. Well, I thought I read here, it says, plaintiffs' motion for in camera inspection of withheld documents by defendants Johnson & Johnson and Ethicon, Inc., based on assertions of privilege, dated December 12, 2014, and presently scheduled for hearing on February 17, 2015.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes, Judge, you're correct, Your Honor, it has changed as of last Friday. I'm sorry, we hadn't filed the supplemental paper. That's what the

purpose of this hearing in Texas was last Friday, to ask for relief from that hearing date and from that filing date so we could have the opportunity to speak with you.

And I think the soonest the hearing would be, in Texas, would be the end of this month. It hasn't been scheduled yet, and that's why we're meeting and conferring tomorrow.

THE COURT: I see. Okay. So that's why I -- I just kind of rushed to have this phone call today, because I thought you had a hearing on the 17th and I was trying to figure out what was going on.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We appreciate that.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, okay. Yes, well, certainly, why don't you file whatever it is that you want to file, and I will do whatever I can do to help. And certainly -- I don't know, has Judge Molberg already appointed a Special Master?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, Judge, he has not.

MR. MATTHEWS: Judge, this is David Matthews for the plaintiffs. One of the issues in the case, obviously, is the variance between states. And I think this is very significant, although it would be nice to have simplicity and similar rulings, there simply is a great deal of difference between states. In particular, Texas discourages special masters for privilege law issues. And, in fact, a Dallas County, or Dallas District Judge had an issue with

that recently. So I think Judge Molberg would not appoint a Special Master. But that brings up the issue of the differences between states. And, you know, we do have a trial setting upcoming in September. It was just recently moved from April to September. So we -- we will be pushing forward on issues concerning the Caviness production and privilege as soon as possible.

THE COURT: Well, at least you do have some time to work with. Well, all right.

MR. AYLSTOCK: Judge, this is Bryan Aylstock again. I appreciate your comments. The only additional thing I might have to add about the consistency point is I know the New Jersey contingency and Judge Martinotti now is certainly engaged in that, so if we're going to have that effort, particularly given New Jersey law might be applying at least to some states, might be good to loop them in as well.

Mr. Slater is the co-lead liaison for that. So I just wanted to point that out. I know Judge Goodwin indicated at the hearing that he's already spoken to Judge Martinotti, and I think both judges are hitting on all cylinders for the upcoming trials now, which is probably what happened in the hearing on New Jersey in Thursday.

THE COURT: Well, I guess what I'm going to do then is I'm going to grant their motion for an order

directing the parties to coordinate the resolution of this particular issue. And I'm not going to really say any more than that at this point. We're going to have to figure out what that means. I hate to issue orders that don't say anything in black and white or don't -- I don't like nebulous orders. I like my orders to be really clear and tell you, you've got to do this, by this date, and it means this.

But I do think that this is a huge issue that needs to be resolved with input from the MDL, and as many other state judges that currently have the issue in their radar, I would think that the other judges that currently don't have it in their radar will be happy if it's resolved by the time it gets in their radar, because I don't know why anybody wants to resolve these kinds of issues. I mean, I think most judges would be happy to have had somebody else already do the work, because -- you know, I don't think the judge really cares one way or the other. They just want the right answer, the fair answer. So --

MR. AYLSTOCK: Again this is Bryan Aylstock. You know, I'm not exactly sure what that order would mean either. I wouldn't want it to be interpreted by anybody on this call to suggest that any state court judge can't do something, or isn't -- it shouldn't -- I don't think we've come anywhere near the legal requirements for an all writs

act type order. And I do think that Judge Goodwin and also Judge Martinotti would say at the hearing that neither judge is going, you know, try to see which judge can be more deferential to the other, so just in the interest of (inaudible) -- I would -- you know, I would want to make that clear.

THE COURT: No, I'm not telling the judges they have to do anything. I'm telling the parties that they have to coordinate -- they have to work together to coordinate a resolution. I'm not trying to tell the judges they have to do anything, because, frankly, I can't tell the judges to do anything. And even if I did, they wouldn't listen to me. And they wouldn't have to.

I know where my place is in the whole scheme of things. So, but, I do -- I can tell the parties in this MDL that they need to coordinate this issue, and that's what my order is going to say, they need to coordinate the issue, and we need to get on this issue.

It sounds to me like the plaintiffs want it resolved. It sounds like Ethicon wants it resolved. It sounds to me like a big issue. And, like I said, frankly, it's one I hadn't really thought of, but it could be any -- anywhere from something fairly easy to an absolute chaotic nightmare. So I think it needs attention sooner rather than later.

(Speaking over one another.)

MR. BERNARDO: Your Honor, this is Rich Bernardo. We will try and do what we can to try and make it a simple and streamlined process, and maybe starting with these documents at issue may help guide the parties in terms of other issues.

THE COURT: The first thing I want from Ethicon is some kind of a motion filed. And I think the motion's got to address the choice of law. And, I mean, I -- you know, I think to me, I don't -- as I said and I think as Mr. Aylstock followed up on, I'm not sure even that issue is going to be the same from state to state. Hopefully it will be, or there would at least be a majority of jurisdictions that would agree that it's either done on a state-by-state basis or it's going to all be governed by New Jersey law. But that to me is the major issue.

I think from the standpoint of the MDL, the involvement of the MDL in the actual reviewing of the documents is going to depend a great deal on whether New Jersey law governs or individual state law governs. Not to say that the MDL won't still be involved, but I think that there will be a difference in the level of involvement.

If that makes any sense. Does that make sense?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It does, Your Honor, it does and we will prepare a submission that addresses that for you.

THE COURT: All right.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think it does, Your Honor. David, do you want to say something?

MR. MATTHEWS: Yes. David Matthews, Judge. One of the issues, and I brought this up initially, this case, although we have filed -- my law firm has filed cases in the MDL around the country, this is not our case. We have been brought in to assist Mr. Blankenship, and, in all honesty, I've not even met his client. This is an issue that really is his issue. We will of course do our best, but I cannot guarantee -- you know, I'm on the PFC, and I respect that,

So, you know, decisions that we made of course to best protect his client and representing his client will be made in the future, so that's really all I can say. So I just wanted to alert the Court to that.

but at the same time this is not our filed case.

THE COURT: Well, of course, fortunately for you the pleading that has been filed in the MDL is only filed as it relates to all cases in the MDL. So there's no filing in the MDL that applies to that Texas case. They've filed a separate -- they filed the same pleading in the Texas case, but the only pleading currently pending in the MDL, so the only order that I can issue, and the only order that demands that people do anything is filed in all, as it relates to all MDL cases.

1 So the guy in Texas doesn't have to do anything. 2 MR. MATTHEWS: I understand. 3 THE COURT: Do you see what I am saying? So Mr. Blankenship only has to do whatever Judge Molberg tells him 4 5 He doesn't have to listen to me. He's not in the MDL, is he? 6 7 MR. MATTHEWS: No, he's not. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MR. AYLSTOCK: Your Honor, Bryan Aylstock again. 10 While I have the parties on the phone, there is one 11 coordination sort of related issue that has arisen from the 12 Perry trial in Bakersfield. And that is an issue with 13 regard to the authenticity or status of business records of 14 the ETH.MESH documents, the documents produced by Ethicon 15 from their files. Distinguish that from the issue of 16 foundation, which I know having spent many hours with you, 17 is, is important that a witness, at least a noncorporate 18 witness or noncorporate representative may have seen the 19 document or had some reason to have seen it. 20 But in Bellew, we have 200 -- we cut our lists way down 21 and we've go about 275 ETH.MESH documents. And what I'm 22 trying to get a handle on is for those where Your Honor 23 hasn't already ruled on them on the admissibility on the 24 context of the depo designations. If I could get them --

them being Butler Snow, or J & J to tell me of those

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remaining documents which are not -- which they will not stipulate to authenticity or status of business records, that would help us going into this trial. And we've had a lot of E-mails going back and forth, but given the limited number, you know, I would hope that we could do that.

I know we do have a hearing. I just wanted to highlight with your Your Honor, I just wanted to highlight that as a potential issue that may come up if we can't get an agreement that they will at least let us know which ETH.MESH documents they claim are not authentic or business records. That happened in the Bakersfield case.

THE COURT: Right. So that needs to be done. I mean there's -- you know, at least you can tell each other what you're willing to stipulate to and what you're willing not to stipulate to. And I'm not saying you have to stipulate to anything, but you can at least tell each other what you're willing to do and not do. And that should be done before you come here on the 25th. For everything, everything that's out there, you should know by the 25th.

MR. AYLSTOCK: And I suggested if they're not going to stipulate to authenticity or business records, we may need a deposition. Obviously, the hearing is very close, so if we could just get over that issue. Again, I'm not talking about whether a document is admissible or whether it can be used with this witness or that witness,

simply whether the document is what it purports to be and came from the business records of Ethicon in the ordinary course of business. That's all I'm asking for an agreement on.

MR. BERNARDO: Judge Eifert, this is Rich

Bernardo. I apologize. I'm not the person who has been
involved in that, although I have been copied and seen some
of the communications, and I'm not clear what Mr. Aylstock
is asking for. I don't think he's asking for a stipulation
as to 20 millions of pages of documents that have been
produced, but I will say I know that Ms. Jones has been
communicating with him as recently as yesterday and they
continue to communicate. And I would suggest that they do
that, and if there's not some agreements that they reach,
that they can come back to address it, because I'm not in a
position to address whether or not what Mr. Aylstock is
asking for is appropriate or not, and I know there have been
other communications on this as recently as today.

MR. AYLSTOCK: It's simply the 278 ETH.MESH documents -- (inaudible) -- all are cut down and -- (inaudible.) I just don't want to be caught at trial -- MR. BERNARDO: Sure, I understand, Bryan.

This is Rich Bernardo again. And I know we'll work with you. I'm simply saying I'm not in a position to chime in as to what our position is on those 278 documents,

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      because I've just not been involved in that specific issue.
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                 THE COURT: Right. And I don't expect you to do
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       it right now on the telephone. I'm just saying, by the
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       25th, everybody ought to know what they're willing to do,
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      what the other side is willing to stipulate to and what
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       they're not willing to stipulate to. Because that's not a
      big issue. It's not a big deal. You've had plenty of time
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 8
       to do it.
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            How many days is Judge Goodwin giving you for trial
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       this time around?
                 MR. AYLSTOCK: Seven trial days, three and a half
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      per side, Your Honor. So we have a very quick trial.
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                 THE COURT: It's going to be a quick trial.
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       you're really not going to put 278 documents in, but -- I
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      would say it may only be a handful of documents, it should
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      be pretty easy to know what you're going to stipulate to and
      not to. But even if it is 200, you ought to be able to do
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       that by the 25th, so -- so why don't you get guys get that
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       done so when you come we're all ready to go?
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                 MR. AYLSTOCK: Yes, Your Honor.
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                 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We'll work it out, yes,
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      Your Honor. Thank you.
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                 THE COURT: Very good. All right. Is there
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       anything else then?
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                 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Nothing from defendants,
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       Your Honor.
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                 THE COURT: All right. Well, then we will wait
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       for Ethicon to make its motion. And then at that point, I
       don't believe we need any expedited briefing schedule,
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       because once you make your motion, the plaintiffs will have
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       17 days to respond. And then you'll have ten days after
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       that. And we can look at it at that point. And maybe you
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       can also be in that period of time trying to figure out
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       what -- what else might be going on out there that would be
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       related to this issue. Okay?
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                 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We'll do that, Your Honor.
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       We appreciate your guidance on the issue. Thank you.
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                 MR. AYLSTOCK: Thank you, Judge.
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                 THE COURT: Thank you.
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                 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, Judge.
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                 THE COURT: Thank you. Bye-bye.
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            (Proceedings concluded at 2:57 p.m.)
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| 3 | Court Reporter, in and for the United States District Court, | | |
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| 5 | certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript | | |
| 6 | of the stenographically reported proceedings held in the | | |
| 7 | above-entitled matter. | | |
| 8 | | | |
| 9 | Dated February 13, 2015. | | |
| 10 | | | |
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